**day 5:- (Linux)**

**3.write some 30 Linux commands.**

Here’s the list of common **Linux commands**

1. [Cd command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#1)
2. [ls command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#2)
3. [Man command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#3)
4. [Cat command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#4)
5. [Mkdir command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#5)
6. [Chmod command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#6)
7. [Rmdir command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#7)
8. [Touch command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#8)
9. [Locate command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#9)
10. [Clear command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#10)
11. [Rm command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#11)
12. [MV command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#12)
13. [Curl command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#13)
14. [Echo command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#14)
15. [Free command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#15)
16. [Groups command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#16)
17. [Head command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#17)
18. [History command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#18)
19. [Passwd command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#19)
20. [Ping command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#20)
21. [alias command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#21)
22. [ZIP command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#22)
23. [dd command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#23)
24. [chown command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#24)
25. [sudo command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#25)
26. [cal command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#26)
27. [bc command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#27)
28. [change command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#28)
29. [df command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#29)
30. [name command](https://bytescout.com/blog/most-used-linux-commands.html#30)
    * cd - Changes the current directory.
    * ls - Lists directory contents.
    * man - Displays the manual page for a command.
    * cat - Concatenates and displays file contents.
    * mkdir - Creates a new directory.
    * chmod - Changes the permissions of a file or directory.
    * rmdir - Removes an empty directory.
    * touch - Creates an empty file or updates the timestamp of an existing file.
    * locate - Finds files by name using a database.
    * clear - Clears the terminal screen.
    * rm - Removes files or directories.
    * mv - Moves or renames files or directories.
    * curl - Transfers data from or to a server using various protocols.
    * echo - Displays a line of text or variables to the terminal.
    * free - Displays memory usage information.
    * groups - Shows the groups a user is a member of.
    * head - Outputs the first part of files.
    * history - Displays the command history.
    * passwd - Changes a user's password.
    * ping - Sends ICMP ECHO\_REQUEST packets to network hosts.
    * alias - Creates an alias for a command.
    * zip - Compresses files into a zip archive.
    * dd - Converts and copies files.
    * chown - Changes the ownership of files or directories.
    * sudo - Executes a command as another user, typically the superuser.
    * cal - Displays a calendar.
    * bc - An arbitrary precision calculator language.
    * chage - Changes the user password expiry information.
    * df - Reports file system disk space usage.
    * uname - Prints system information.